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IRISH HEROES.

Patrick J. Haltigan Tells of Their Patriotism in the Revolution.

Believes That Effort Has Been Made to Distort Early History.

Points Out Atrocious History of England in Ireland and America.

WILL BE ASKED TO RETURN.

Patrick J. Haltigan, editor of the National Hibernian, was greeted by an appreciative audience at Macaulay's Theater last Sunday night, when he delivered his inspiring and patriotic lecture on "Irishmen in the American Revolution and Their Early Influence in the Colonies." The consensus of opinion was that Editor Haltigan's scholarly and eloquent address was an inspiration, depicting as it does the heroes Ireland has given to the world and humanity, the fruits of the true faith, and one that appeals to the American public. Occupying seats at the lecture were Mayor Barth, Judge O'Doherty, Judge Pryor, Judge Wilson, many of the clergy and men prominent in the official and business life of the city, all of whom declared it one of the most interesting historical and patriotic entertainments ever presented in Louisville.

The distinguished visitor was introduced by Alderman Butler and was received with enthusiastic applause. Mr. Haltigan prefaced his lecture by referring briefly to the Ancient Order of Hibernians, reading a congratulatory message from National President Cummings to State President Butler, and the order in Kentucky, urging them to increase her membership 5,000 before the next national convention, which meets at Indianapolis next year. Then for two hours he held his hearers spellbound, the striking points eliciting the warmest enthusiasm. The views presented were fine throughout, and the first, that of the dome of the National Capitol with the stars and stripes waving boldly above, was greeted with a heartiness that showed the feeling and spirit of the audience and put all on the qui vive for those that were to follow.

Editor Haltigan said that in presenting his lecture he was influenced by the fact that too little is known even among the Irish people of the magnificent deeds performed by men of Irish blood in the history of America and in the establishment of the American republic. They played prominent parts in the history of the time of the original thirteen colonies up to the present day. Were it not for men of Irish blood, he asserted, it is probable that Americans would have found themselves today in the same position as the people of the Dominion of Canada—subjects of the King of Great Britain. Mr. Haltigan said among other things that during the past forty years, or since the close of the civil war, there had been a well-planned movement in this country to distort American Revolutionary history as far as possible, and especially to ignore the Irish element in the establishment of the nation. The movement, he said, did not spring from the hearts of the American people. It was not born on this side, but it was a direct importation from the enemies of the Irish race across the sea. The same power which monopolized as far as possible Irish men at home to its own glory now seeks to destroy it in this country, where it is beyond its control, contended the speaker.

The address was illustrated with one hundred views, many of which the utmost interest attracted. Those on which were shown the pictures of the first American Bishop, Right Rev. John Carroll; Cardinal Gibbons, the green flag of Erin and the stars and stripes of this country; Mollie Pitcher taking the place of her fallen husband, Commodore Jack Barry, Andrew Jackson, and the many other sons of Erin who shed their blood in the great struggle for American liberty, were loudly applauded. To many it was unknown that the great Irish Catholic clergyman, Rev. John Carroll, had delivered the panegyric at the George Washington memorial services, or that an Irishman named Logan was the father of the first white child born in Kentucky, where three counties were named after Irish pioneers. In his reference to the atrocious history of England in Ireland and America he quoted Lord Mountjoy, who declared that England had lost this country through the Irish. He also took President Elliot, of Harvard University to task and showed him in a true but unenviable light, even though he had been compelled to do the Irish a small measure of justice.

A pleasing feature of the evening was the musical numbers, which were excellently rendered by Miss Nellie Morgan, John J. Flynn and Thomas D. Cline. Scattered throughout the audience that it wanted to join with Miss Morgan in singing the "Star Spangled Banner." Messrs. Flynn and Cline sustained their reputations with "The Sword of Bonke Hill" and "Ireland a Nation Again," and both received hearty encores.

Division I. A. O. U. is to be congratulated upon its achievement in doing so much for the descendants of the Irish race here, and as the members are especially gratifying that

Mr. Haltigan will be called upon to repeat his splendid lecture without any charge to the public. There is no question but that the visit of Mr. Haltigan has awakened an interest in Hibernianism that will be lasting, and for which those who heard him feel greatly indebted.

During his stay here Mr. Haltigan was entertained and shown the principal points of the city by Alderman Butler, William M. Higgins, Martin Cusick, Thomas Dolan, John M. Maguire, Daniel Sullivan, Thomas Keenan, Daniel Dougherty, and Thomas D. Cline, and with them attended the Vincentian meeting at the Cathedral.

CLEVER REASON.

Would Again Give Ireland the Finest University in Europe.

A correspondent writing from Dublin to the New York Times says: An Irish university that will satisfy the Catholic majority in their laudable aspirations for the best and highest in education, and yet not displace the non-Catholic minority nor disturb any of their centuries-old privileges is a question that is bothering the lawmakers of the British Empire very much these days. A royal commission has been hearing the views of both sides, and making reports of the many schemes proposed. All admit that higher education in Ireland is shockingly inadequate to the spirit of the times and the needs of the people. But between what they ought to do, what they fear to do, how much they differ from those of the people they are working for, and how much they want to please all sides—between all these tides and eddies of their course the legislators are not likely to accomplish much. A long lucid and mainly speech on the subject, one of the last things James Bryce is leaving to us to remember him by. If Mr. Bryce had his way we would get our money's worth, much as we are taxed. But his quondam co-lawmakers are afraid to give many concessions to the Catholic majority.

The Irish party as a party is not making much fuss over the university business. A very clever reason for its apparent lack of zeal in the matter was given the other day by a man who was supposed to be a member of the Catholic university problem. He had not mastered the intricacies of the subject; but he covered his ignorance with "What is the use of wasting time on an English given Irish university? Let us work for home rule, and then we can give ourselves the finest university in Europe or the world. What we had once we can have again when we get the reins in our own hands."

NOW READY

To Receive Bids on Trinity Council's New Club House.

Trinity Council, Y. M. C. I., held their regular meeting Tuesday evening with President Joseph Conking in the chair. Treasurer Ed. Wolf reported that he had received a letter of thanks from Mrs. B. J. Pfeiffer, widow of Bernard Pfeiffer, a late member of the council, for the payment of her husband's death benefit and especially for the prompt manner in which it was done. The visiting committee reported Henry Stoeker and Adam Resch on the sick list, but that both were improving. The Ways and Means Committee announced that they were now ready to receive estimates from contractors on the proposed new club house. The eucharist committee are arranging to give a eucharist and dance at the club house the first week after Lent, and met last night to make preparatory arrangements.

ELECT MONDAY NIGHT.

The Catholic Woman's Club will hold an interesting and important election next Monday night, when seven ladies will be chosen to serve on the Board of Directors for the ensuing two years. Fourteen names have been presented by the Nominating Board, and those receiving the highest number of votes will be declared elected. Those put in nomination are Mesdames Matt O'Doherty, Charles S. Smith, B. D. Mattingly, John J. Maloney, August Ropke, James Kelly, John O'Connell, Will T. Meehan, Peter Gans, and Misses Maggie Judge, Maggie Gorman and Agnes Fitzgerald. The work of this Catholic women's organization has been almost phenomenal, and never was interest in it greater than now, which insures the bringing out of a full vote.

The directors whose terms expire this month are Miss Maggie Judge, Mrs. Matt O'Doherty, Mrs. Charles S. Smith, Mrs. J. J. Maloney, B. D. Mattingly, Mrs. John Graves and the vacancy caused by the death of Mrs. Marcus Doerhoefer, one of the founders of the club.

ABBOT IN AFRICA.

Col. F. Joseph Herrmann received a letter Wednesday from the Right Rev. Edmund M. Obrecht, Abbot of Gethsemane, in Nelson county, who is now on his way to South Africa. The Abbot was at Port Said on January 31. He writes that he had an audience of twenty-five minutes with Pope Leo previous to his departure from Rome. Abbot Obrecht expects to be absent from Kentucky for about a year. He goes to South Africa to look after the missionary interests of his order.

FEDERATION.

Many New Delegates Present Credentials at Regular Monthly Meeting.

Chairmen Instructed to Select Members For Their Standing Committees.

Able Paper on the German Empire Read by President Newton Rogers.

COMMITTEE ON AFFAIRS IN FRANCE

The Jefferson County Federation of Catholic Societies held its regular monthly meeting on February 14 at the Catholic Woman's Club. The meeting was the largest in number held for over a year and many new delegates were there representing their respective societies. The meeting was full of enthusiasm and earnestness from opening to close. The Executive Committee had many suggestions to make which were disposed of by the meeting. A letter was read from the Rev. Father Raffo, promising to attend at an early date as he possibly could, and have something to say at such time. The Federation passed a motion that a committee be appointed to draw up suitable resolutions on the French question and Messrs. Michael Reichert, Thomas Feeley and Charles Cate were appointed on this committee.

President Rogers proposed that for committees that serve for the entire year a Chairman for each be appointed, each committee to consist of five members, and each Chairman to select four members to serve with him and to interview them before and find out if they would be willing to serve on the committee with him. This was approved and President Rogers appointed Anthony J. Sheridan Chairman of the Library Committee; Patrick T. Sullivan Chairman of the Juvenile Court Committee; William M. Higgins Chairman of the Home for Friendless Catholic Boys Committee, and John J. Score Chairman of the Organization and Membership Committee.

These respective Chairmen were requested to make selections to fill out their committees and to make report to the Secretary of the Federation. The Executive Committee was called upon to meet at the office of President Rogers on February 21, at 8 o'clock p. m., and the Chairmen of the different committees were asked to meet at the same time and place with their committees for the purpose of a general interchange of views.

Under the heading of literary exercises President Rogers read a paper on the "German Empire" which was very entertaining and highly instructive, and was received with applause at the close of its reading. It was announced that at the next meeting William M. Higgins would read a paper on the "Education Bill in England." He is well known as the editor of the Kentucky Irish American and as having given considerable study to the bill in question, and there is no doubt but what this matter will be of interest to all members of the Federation.

ACTIVE IN DUBLIN.

The Strenuous and Uplifting Life of Archbishop Walsh.

The Archbishop of Dublin, the Most Rev. Dr. Walsh, in various newspaper articles laid down the right lines for an Irish university; but he is a Home Ruler, and knows how much better a native Parliament can deal with schools and things the people want. Archbishop Walsh is an all-around good man, as well as a perfect churchman. There are no depths in political science he has not sounded. His pamphlet on binetism some years ago was considered in many of the best quarters the best thing in print on that subject. His recreations all are in the uplifting and strenuous life. He is an excellent amateur photographer, an expert shorthand writer, an authority on music, Gregorian especially. He toured France, Germany, and Italy on his bicycle some years ago, taking photographs as he went, with the enthusiasm of a youngster. He was one of the first in Dublin to test the automobile. Everything of human interest calls out his sympathy. He maintains splendid discipline in his archdiocese, and yet is on affectionate terms with priests and people. Only sixty-six years old and stronger than he looks, he is very likely yet to see a national university in Ireland after his own heart. Not granted on any old musty foundation, tinkered and patched to suit all complexions, but springing fresh and clean cut right from the sod of a new Ireland and crying "Faith" to all who want Christian education, free and fair, with charity to all and malice toward none.

MARTIN WADE NAMED.

Notice was received Thursday by Martin J. Wade, of Iowa City, of his appointment as member of the Demo-

cratic National Committee for Iowa. The appointee is one of the best known Irish-Americans in the West, and is a man of the highest ability and strictest integrity. Upon many important occasions he has been selected to deliver addresses for the Knights of Columbus, Ancient Order of Hibernians and other Catholic Societies.



A. T. MACDONALD, President of the Greater Louisville Exposition and its First Proposer.

RECENT DEATHS.

The funeral of Mrs. Susan Tully, widow of Thomas Tully, Sr., took place Tuesday morning at St. Joseph's Catholic church, eight miles north of New Albany, on the Monon. She was the mother of John, Frank and Peter Tully, of New Albany.

Monday afternoon Mrs. Kate Lawler, wife of Hugh Lawler, 299 Seventeenth street, was called to her eternal home, leaving a wide circle of mourning friends. Her funeral took place Thursday morning from St. Patrick's church, the large attendance showing the esteem in which she was held.

The funeral of James Crowe took place Monday morning from the Cathedral. Deceased was the son of the late Michael Crowe, one of the old-time residents of Fourth street near the river. Death followed a long illness that was borne with patience and fortitude, and was not unlooked for.

John Mathes and wife, 733 East Washington street, are mourning the death of their beloved and promising fifteen-year-old son Clemens, and have the sympathy of many friends in their bereavement. The funeral occurred Monday morning from St. Michael's church, Rev. Father O'Connor being the celebrant of the solemn mass of requiem.

It is with regret that we announce the death of Mrs. Mary Milligan, which occurred Wednesday evening at the residence of her husband, John Milligan, 335 Twenty-sixth street. Her funeral will take place this morning from St. Cecilia's church. Mrs. Milligan was only twenty-eight years of age, and her death is a heavy blow to her husband and relatives.

The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Harly Daniel, beloved wife of George Daniel, took place Saturday morning from St. Patrick's church. Mrs. Daniel's death was a profound loss to her husband, who was admired and loved her for the many fine traits of character she possessed. Kind and gentle, but always cheerful and ready to perform her Christian duty, her untimely death is sincerely mourned.

St. Augustine's church in Jeffersonville has lost another of its faithful members by the death of Mrs. Margaret Donovan. She was held in high esteem throughout the city, where she had lived so long, but of late she made her home with her daughter, Mrs. Anthony Levitt, 408 Mission avenue. Her funeral took place Wednesday morning, Rev. Father O'Connell being the celebrant of the mass of requiem.

Ellen Foley, an aged and respected lady, who for years had made her home with the family of Nicholas Vetteran, 1313 High avenue, answered the final summons Sunday morning. She had lived a long and useful life, and though having reached four-score years she was still active and always had a welcome for her friends. Tuesday morning her remains were borne to St. Patrick's church, where there was a solemn mass of requiem for the repose of her soul.

Throughout the city there was mourning over the death of Mrs. Lida Powell, the amiable and beloved wife of Rev. E. L. Powell, pastor of the First Christian church. The end came Saturday evening at St. Joseph's Infirmary, following a surgical operation, and on Sunday in a number of pulpits the beauty of her character, personal attractions and devotion to her duties were referred to in feeling words. Her funeral occurred Monday afternoon and was largely attended.

SUFFERS STROKE.

The many friends of Mrs. William Osborne will be pained to know that she suffered a slight paralytic stroke last week and is unable to leave her home at Strassel's Station, just beyond Oakdale. Mrs. Osborne has the grip and had so far recovered that she visited the city, but upon her return home her condition became worse and paralysis of the face followed. The attending physician says she is in no danger, but that it will be several weeks before she will have entirely recovered. Mrs. Osborne is one of the best known ladies in Holy Name church, the members of which will learn the news with regret.

VINCENTIANS

Had a Remarkable Attendance at the Quarterly Meeting Last Sunday.

Addressed by Spiritual Director and President of the Superior Council.

Prominent Protestant Gentlemen Present Commend Work of the Society.

AUDIENCE EDIFIED AND DELIGHTED

The regular quarterly meeting of the Particular Council of the St. Vincent de Paul Society was held in St. Francis' Hall last Sunday afternoon. It was the largest attended meeting that has been held for a long time, and the reports from the various conferences throughout the city were most encouraging. The knowledge of the fact that the meeting was to be addressed by Thomas Mulry and Rev. Father McMahon, both of New York City, President and Spiritual Director respectively of the Superior Council, and both orators of national repute, attracted not only members of the society but many prominent Protestants. Among the guests who attended the meeting were Judge Charles A. Wilson, Enos Spencer, the educator; Robert Bingham, President of the Board of Children's Guardians; George Sehon, Secretary of the Board of Guardians; Julius Hild, Superintendent of the home of said board, and Isaac Black, also a member.

There were at least 500 men present, including representatives from every conference in the city. The reports submitted by each conference for the year showed in detail the great work of charity being done by the society. In addition to the usual works of charity performed by the members the reports of the various conferences disclosed the fact that the members of the conferences had contributed to the San Francisco earthquake sufferers the sum of \$550. The report also showed that in Louisville there are 2,100 active members of the St. Vincent de Paul Society. That means that there are that many members who are actively and regularly engaged in practical works of charity. Besides the active members there are many honorary members who belong to the society. The latter for some reason or other, can not engage in the active work of the society but aid the members in their laudable work by voluntary contributions.

The meeting was opened with the usual prayers by Rev. Dr. McMahon, Spiritual Director of the Society. After this twenty-five new members were received into the society by James Campbell, President of the Particular Council, Secretary John Doyle, of the Particular Council and Chairman of the Committee on School of Reform, made a most interesting report of what had been done by that committee. He is a revelation to the members present, and the reading of the report elicited the applause of all. Thomas Hines, Chairman of the Jail Committee, made a most interesting report of the work of that committee. He is a veteran in the service of this society and takes an especial interest in the work among the prisoners in the jail. Matthias Myers, Chairman of the Juvenile Court Committee, reported the excellent work done by that committee. Mr. Myers is an enthusiast in this work and devotes a great deal of his time to it. He is a voluntary probation officer of the Juvenile Court, and every Friday morning finds him present at its session. His report showed that thirty-eight members of the St. Vincent de Paul Society are voluntary probation officers of the Juvenile Court and assisting and aiding in the good work being done by it.

After the reports of the conferences and special committees the President, James Campbell, introduced to the members Rev. Dr. McMahon, Spiritual Director of the Superior Council, Father McMahon delivered an eloquent speech on the work of the society in New York City, and dwelt especially on the part the society was taking there in the work of the Juvenile Court. The reverend father himself has taken a personal interest in this particular work and has become a charge of the St. Vincent de Paul Society in New York. His address was listened to with great interest, and he held his audience spellbound as he related in his matchless eloquence the story of the inextinguishable good accomplished by the society along these lines in New York City. Father McMahon is a pioneer in works of this kind, and for the last several years his effort has been especially directed toward the children, and he has been an active advocate of the Juvenile Court.

Thomas Mulry, President of the Superior Council, was next introduced by President Campbell. President Mulry is a most entertaining talker, and as he told the story of the work of the society in the East the audience was edified and delighted with the good news he brought to the members in Louisville of the magnificent work accomplished by the society in New York. He paid a very high tribute to the conferences of this city, and expressed himself as being more than pleased with the

work done by the local society in the last year.

Speeches were also made by Father Bax, Father Rock, Judge O'Doherty, Mr. Enos Spencer and Judge Charles A. Wilson. The venerable Father Bax made a most interesting talk to the members, filled with good advice. He was warmly received and his remarks elicited much applause. Father Rock, in his usual eloquent manner, created great enthusiasm among those present by his forcible and eloquent address. Judge Matt O'Doherty next addressed the members, and his remarks were received with great pleasure by those present. Mr. Enos Spencer was called upon and in a few graceful words heartily commended the work of the society. Judge Charles A. Wilson, Judge of the Juvenile Court, was invited to address the meeting. He also commended the efforts put forth by the society and told of the great assistance the members had rendered him in his work in the Juvenile Court. He gave a most interesting description of the workings of this court. All in all, the meeting was one of the most successful ever held.

TAKE THE LEAD.

Mackin Council Now Heads the List in the United States.

There was intense interest and much enthusiasm at Mackin Council Club house Thursday night, when the class initiated put that society in the lead with the largest membership of any council in the United States. For several years there has been a spirited rivalry for this honor, which has been held at times by the California, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Illinois jurisdictions, but never before by Kentucky, which will hold its place for a long time to come.

Mackin now has a membership well over 500, all in good standing, and it was with no little feeling of pride that President Ben Sand made the announcement. This is an achievement that is largely due to the good judgment and careful guidance of the Presidents who have presided over Mackin's destinies, and is a forceful illustration of the results of unity and harmony among Catholic young men. Mackin Council is still a young organization, but the work done for its members has been something phenomenal. Besides being a social body it stands for the moral and intellectual advancement of its members; and the sums paid out for death and sickness are looked upon as the least of the benefits that its members receive.

TIME IS GONE

When People of Ireland Care Only For Gentility or Promises.

It is likely that the good will of the Irish people that James Bryce enjoyed will fall on the shoulders of Chief Secretary Birrell, his successor. Birrell comes from Bristol as did two Chief Secretaries for Ireland before him—Walter Long and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach. But unlike these, he comes to Dublin full of good nature and openly expressed friendship toward Irish self-government. But the time is gone when the Irish people care only for gentility or promises on the part of the politicians. They mean business, and they look to Secretary Birrell to represent their interest under the Crown rather than the Crown's pretensions over them.

WITH THE SICK.

Col. F. Joseph Herrmann, President of the Sinking Fund Commission, is again able to be out, after an attack of grip that confined him to his home the first part of the week.

Martin Dugan, the well known printer and prominent in Irish and Catholic society circles, is now convalescent at Sts. Mary and Elizabeth hospital after a three weeks' illness of typhoid fever.

Daniel F. Murphy recently elected Park Commissioner, who has been suffering from a severe attack of grip at his home, 3316 High street, is so much improved that it is thought he will be able to be out again within the next few days.

Hon. Jacob Hoertz, who was thought to be recovering from grip, has been in a serious condition for the past week, typhoid pneumonia having developed. The last report from him was that his condition was improving and that the critical stage had been passed.

SPRING RACING.

The spring meeting of the Louisville Jockey Club will this year continue thirty days, opening with the great Kentucky Derby on Monday, May 6. This club will have no fall meeting, the State Commission granting thirty days to Douglas Park. Manager Matt Winn and Secretary Lyman Davis are elated over the outlook and predict the greatest sport ever witnessed at Churchill Downs. For all the stake and handicap events there are an unusually large number of entries, and race-goers are certain to see here all the stars of the American turf. Between the two big turf bodies there is now perfect harmony, and all are following the lead of President Winn for the uplift of racing in Kentucky.

HOME RULE.

William O'Brien Predicts the First Step Towards Government's Project.

Will Be an Experiment That Gives Restricted Legislative Powers.

Henry Asquith Will Not Recede From Pledge Made Irish Party.

TERMS OF BILL NOT YET KNOWN

In response to a request of the Associated Press, William O'Brien, the member of Parliament from Cork City, has outlined the impending Irish measure by which the Government proposes to meet the growing demands for the Irish home rule. The presentation of this bill is awaited with eager interest, but the exact terms continue to be surrounded by Government secrecy. O'Brien while disclaiming authoritative information, is exceptionally qualified to state the essential features of the bill, as he is one of the Irish leaders foremost in supporting a solution of the Irish question along the lines on which the Government is now proceeding. Mr. O'Brien said Saturday:

"In the first place, it is certain that the bill will not be presented as a settlement of the Irish claim for self-government, but only as a preliminary experiment. Whatever arrangements may be proposed as to the present powers or constitution of the Irish Council, they will be provisional and will be left open to enlargement in a period of ten years at the utmost, or as I hope and believe, five years. In the second place, the King's speech may be taken as defining the scope of the council's functions. That is to say, they will embrace control of all the administrative departments known at present as 'Dublin Castle,' with the exception, I am afraid, of the Royal Irish constabulary and of the judiciary, and will, in addition, include the spending, although not the raising of the greater part of Irish taxation. The omission of the word 'legislative' from the King's speech tells its own history. Except private bill legislation, it is not likely that the Irish bill will propose to entrust the council with legislative powers. It is probable, however, that the bill may be so amended as to enable the Irish council to pass upon at least one stage of all the Irish bills. Very likely the members of the Government have not yet made up their minds finally between the various suggestions as to the constitution of the new body. One or two things, however, may be taken as certain. One is that the Irish representation in the Imperial Parliament will remain as at present, and another is that the whole 103 Irish members of the Imperial Parliament will be ipso facto members of the new Irish Council."

"It may be taken as granted that the principle first laid down in Wyndham's development of Ireland's grant will be specifically recognized, viz., that any savings made in the present enormous cost of the Imperial establishments of police and the judiciary in Ireland shall become exclusively Ireland's property, to be disposed of as the Irish council thinks fit. If the experiment is once tried and worked out, the spirit of moderation and good sense, an Irish council will inevitably and by universal consent expand into a full-blown Irish Parliament. Otherwise we will only be wasting the session and plowing the sands."

Monday night the question of Ireland played a prominent part in the House of Commons, the opposition leaders accusing the Ministers of breaking their election pledges by endeavor to give Ireland an installment of home rule. The opposition further tried to bring out the supposed divergence of views among the Ministers on the home rule question, the idea being that Chief Secretary for Ireland Birrell, in confessing himself a home ruler, must be antagonistic to that section of the Cabinet represented by Chancellor of the Exchequer Asquith.

In the absence of Premier Campbell-Bannerman, who is suffering from cold, Asquith replied to the opposition. He promised that nobody inside or outside the House was yet in possession of the details of the Government's Irish plans, and contended that there was nothing novel in the declarations made by the Prime Minister and Secretary Birrell that the ultimate solution of the Irish problem could be found only in some form of home rule.

"Who, then," asked Asquith, "are those guilty of political perfidy? Am I one of them? If, when the Government's scheme is produced, it is found to contain anything in the letter or spirit, inconsistent with or in violation of any pledge or assurance I have given either before or during the election, I will immediately resign. But," continued the Chancellor of the Exchequer amid cheers, "the whole Liberal party voted with John Redmond in the late House in favor of a resolution which condemned, root and branch, the present system of administration in Ireland, and I am not going to recede one whit from that position."

BISHOP'S JUBILEE.

Catholics throughout the West are manifesting great interest in the coming jubilee of the Right Rev. Bishop Gallagher, of Galveston, Texas, who will be twenty-five years in the episcopate next April.